Psychological Well-Being During COVID-19

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Stress = strain or pressure

 Humans and animals are equipped biologically to cope with stress.

 In response to stress, the brain adjusts the levels of certain hormones in our bodies... especially the hormone cortisol.



Cortisol in a Burst

- A burst of cortisol
 - helps us to face challenges
 - inoculates us to handle stress better in the future
 - is like an injection with an immediate, short-acting effect



Sustained Release of Cortisol

- A longer flow of cortisol
 - begins to harm us
 - is like an IV treatment with harsh medicine

 The longer it flows, the more we need good physical and psychological coping strategies.



Stressful Factors in a Pandemic

- Personal health fears
- Changes to daily structure
- Changes in job situation
- Nuclear family concerns: childcare, parenting, too much togetherness
- Concerns about extended family, friends

- Social isolation
- Boredom
- Concerns about others' behaviors, attitudes
- Concerns about expenses
- Concerns about economy, personal financial future
- Etc., etc., etc.



Signs that Stress Is Taking a Toll

In an abnormal situation like a pandemic, our normal stress reactions can begin to take a toll on

- our bodies
- our emotions
- our concentration, thinking, memory
- our behaviors



How to Boost Your Resilience

Adopt an attitude of wellness and adaptation:

- Be a good observer of changes to your physical, emotional, cognitive, and behavioral functioning.
- Ask yourself what you need in order to function at your best under these abnormal circumstances.
 Maybe request others' input too.
- Ask yourself (and others) how you can fulfill these needs.



Be a Wellness and Adaptation Leader

- Recognize your team's differing challenges.
- Provide support according to your team's actual or expressed needs.
- Recognize and support your team's strengths.
- Be open to your team's ideas.
- Support the use of outside resources.



Strategies for Psychological Well-Being

- Identify what matters most
- Regular self check-ins
- Self-compassion
- Reframe negative self-talk
- Common humanity
- Focus on the now
- Opportunities for personal control
- Appreciate the positives

- Sense of purpose/meaning
- Establish goals
- Schedule/Routine
- Limit media consumption
- Connect with others
- Identify coping skills
- Nurturing activities
- Incorporate humor
- Basic needs



Leadership Strategies

- Avoid assumptions
- Manage stress
- Role model for self-care
- Regular communications
- Share information with empathy and optimism
- Honesty and transparency
- Forum for feedback
- Listen
- Provide resources for support



Additional Individual Support

Some stress and worry is normal and expected

Monitor if:

- History of anxiety, depression, or other psychological disorder
- Unhealthy coping behaviors
- Worsening symptoms of stress
- Interference in daily functioning



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