Nonprofit Resilience Risk Management 101

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Ground rules

- Post your questions using the Zoom "question" function
- We will use the "raise hand" function periodically
- When you pose a question, the assumption is that you're talking about some **other** organization, so you're not putting your organization under scrutiny



Roadmap for today

- The stakes
- Common vocabulary
- What IS risk management?



What's at stake?



Individual angst to team alignment



Standards for Excellence:

"Organizations should **make every effort to manage risk** and periodically assess the need for insurance coverage in light of the organization's activities and its financial capacity."



Independent Sector:

"The board members of a charitable organization are responsible for **understanding** the major risks to which the organization is exposed, **reviewing** those risks on a periodic basis, and ensuring that systems have been established to **manage** them."



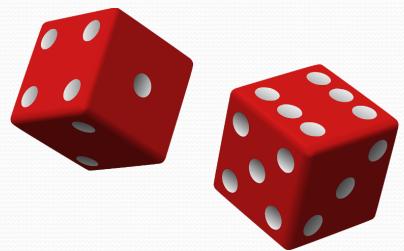
Why nonprofits need risk management:

- Hand to mouth
- Volunteers on the board
- (Often) volunteers for "staff"
- Needy service populations
- Risky service populations
- Understaffed, so blind spots
- Lower paid, so hard to recruit and retain staff





Without risk management, your strategic plan is just a strategic hope.





What is risk management?





The ultimate stakes - stewardship

Clients



Volunteers

Mission







"It takes 20 years to build a reputation and five minutes to ruin it. If you think about that, you'll do things differently." Warren Buffett





How does a risk management process differ from the following:

- Worrying
- Saying no to everything
- Insurance
- Strategic planning
- Annual audits



Vocabulary of Risk





Core Vocabulary

- Risk = Uncertainty
- Threats
- Opportunities
- Risk Management <u>Process</u>



Definition of risk management

If you have a process in place for regularly **identifying** risks, **prioritizing** them, and **dealing with** them, and doing that **over and over** again, you have a risk management process.



Risk Management Cycle



1. Risk Inventory







What is a risk inventory?



- Structured inquiry into threats and opportunities facing the organization
- Individual and group brainstorming







Most risks are internal

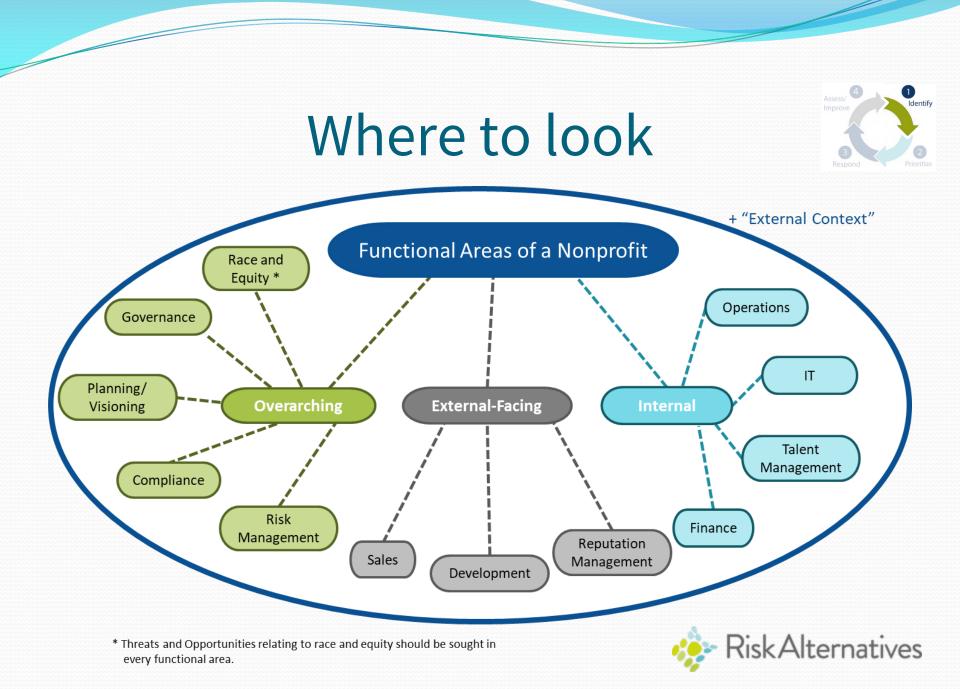


Up to 90 percent of even the <u>best</u> organization's efforts are either unproductive or actually <u>harmful</u> to the organization. P Drucker, People and Performance (1977).

In most offices, almost **95%** of activity is of no value to the ultimate customer.



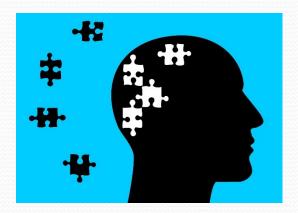




What might threats look like?











What might opportunities look like?









Action item or risk?

- An **action item** is a documented event, task, activity, or action that needs to take place. Action items are discrete units that can be handled by a single person. (*Wikipedia*)
- **Risk** is "the effect of uncertainty on objectives". Organization for Standardization (ISO) Guide 73)

(International

• **Risk Statement**: IF... "X" happened, THEN...the consequence could be "Y".



2. Prioritize



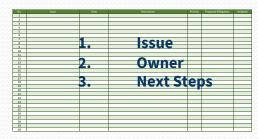




3. Risk Register



- Gathers and prioritizes threats and opportunities
- Assigns risks to team member responsible for response
- Summarizes active and proposed responses
- Result Living, changing, prioritized document in simple Excel format







4. Assess/Improve



- Follow up progress on risk treatment
- Discuss regularly (quarterly, monthly, weekly staff meeting whatever is best for your organization)
- Monitor treated risks for re-occurrence or migration
- Reinforce the Risk Cycle



Individual Angst to Team Alignment







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